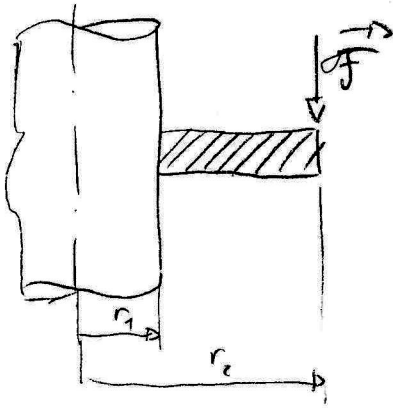


Pr: Určete bezpečnost k HŠ pružnosti u desky podle obr. a max. průhybu



$$\text{mat. : } \nu = 0.3$$

$$E = 2.1 \cdot 10^5 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\text{geom. : } h_1 = 10 \text{ mm}$$

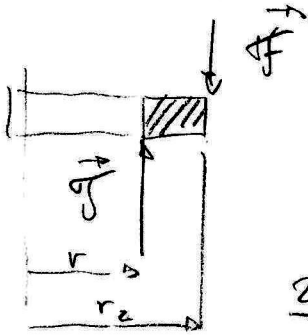
$$h_2 = 20 \text{ mm}$$

$$h = 1 \text{ mm}$$

$$\text{zatížení: } \ddot{f} = \frac{1}{2\pi r_2} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 10} = 4.96 \cdot 10^{-3} \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}$$

$$\text{tuhost desky: } B = \frac{E \cdot h^3}{12(1-\nu^2)} = \frac{2.1 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 1^3}{12(1-0.3^2)} = 1.92 \cdot 10^4 \text{ N} \cdot \text{mm}$$

1. Vokurní elementy



$$2\pi r \ddot{f} = 2\pi r_2 \ddot{f} = 1$$

$$\ddot{f} = \frac{1}{2\pi r} = 1.59 \cdot 10^{-1} \frac{1}{r}$$

2. Povhukácní řešení

$$\Delta p = -\frac{1}{rB} \int r \int \ddot{f} dr dr = -\frac{1}{1.92 \cdot 10^4 r} \int r \left(1.59 \cdot 10^{-1} \frac{1}{r} \right) dr dr =$$

$$= -8.28 \cdot 10^{-6} \frac{1}{r} \int r \ln r dr = -8.28 \cdot 10^{-6} \frac{1}{r} \left[0.5 r^2 (\ln r - 0.5) \right] = -4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} r (\ln r - 0.5)$$

3. Natočenní, momenty a průhyb

$$\Delta = C_1 r + \frac{C_2}{r} - 4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} r (\ln r - 0.5)$$

$$\frac{d\Delta}{dr} = C_1 + \left(-\frac{C_2}{r^2}\right) - 4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} (\ln r - 0.5) - 4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} r \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = C_1 - \frac{C_2}{r^2} - 4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} (\ln r + 0.5)$$

$$\frac{\Delta}{r} = C_1 + \frac{C_2}{r^2} - 4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} (\ln r - 0.5)$$

$$M_r = -B \left(\frac{d\Delta}{dr} + \nu \frac{\Delta}{r} \right) = -1.92 \cdot 10^4 \left(C_1 - \frac{C_2}{r^2} - 4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} (\ln r + 0.5) + 0.3 \left[C_1 + \frac{C_2}{r^2} - 4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} (\ln r - 0.5) \right] \right) = -1.92 \cdot 10^4 \left(1.3 C_1 - 0.7 \cdot \frac{C_2}{r^2} - 5.38 \cdot 10^{-6} \ln r - 1.45 \cdot 10^{-6} \right)$$

$$w = \int \Delta dr + C_3 = C_1 r^2 \cdot 0.5 + C_2 \ln r - 4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} \left(0.5 r^2 (\ln r - 0.5) - 0.25 r^2 \right) + C_3$$

$$= 0.5 r^2 \cdot C_1 + C_2 \ln r - 2.07 \cdot 10^{-6} r^2 \ln r + 2.04 \cdot 10^{-6} r^2 + C_3$$

4. Okon. podmínky

$$M_r|_{r=r_2} = 0, \quad \Delta|_{r=r_1} = 0, \quad w|_{r=r_1} = 0$$

5. Störterm C_1, C_2, C_3

$$0 = 1.3 \cdot C_1 - 0.4 \cdot \frac{C_2}{20^2} - 538 \cdot 10^{-6} \ln 20 - 1.45 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

$$0 = C_1 \cdot 10 + \frac{C_2}{10} - 4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 10 (\ln 10 - 0.5)$$

$$0 = 0.5 \cdot 10^2 C_1 + C_2 \cdot \ln 10 - 2.04 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 10^2 \ln 10 + 2.04 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 10^2 + C_3$$

$$1.3 \cdot C_1 - 1.45 \cdot 10^{-3} C_2 = 1.46 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$10 C_1 + 0.1 C_2 = 4.46 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$C_3 = -90 C_1 - 2.3 C_2 + 2.4 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{1.46 \cdot 10^{-5} + 1.45 \cdot 10^{-3} C_2}{1.3}$$

$$10 \cdot \frac{1.46 \cdot 10^{-5} + 1.45 \cdot 10^{-3} C_2}{1.3} + 0.1 C_2 = 4.46 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$(1.35 \cdot 10^2 \cdot 0.1) C_2 = 4.46 \cdot 10^{-5} - 1.35 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{-6.04 \cdot 10^{-5}}{1.14 \cdot 10^1} = -5.3 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{1.46 \cdot 10^{-5} + 1.45 \cdot 10^{-3} (-5.3 \cdot 10^{-4})}{1.3} = 1.28 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$C_3 = -90 \cdot 1.28 \cdot 10^{-5} + (-5.3 \cdot 10^{-4}) \cdot (-2.3) + 2.4 \cdot 10^{-4} = 8.49 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

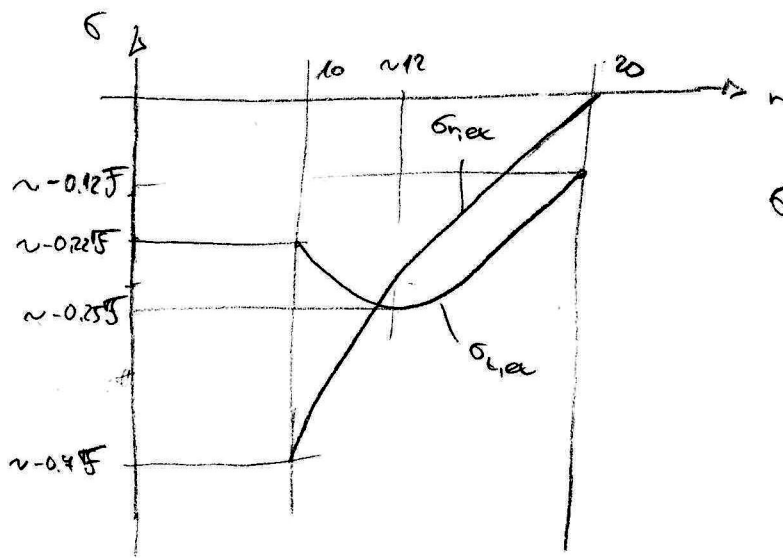
6. Störterm

$$G_{r,ex} = \frac{6 M_r}{h^2} = 6 \cdot (-1.92 \cdot 10^{+4}) \left(1.3 \cdot 1.28 \cdot 10^{-5} - 0.4 \cdot (-5.3 \cdot 10^{-4}) \cdot \frac{1}{r^2} - 538 \cdot 10^{-6} \ln r - 1.45 \cdot 10^{-6} \right) = -1.15 \cdot 10^5 \left(1.52 \cdot 10^{-5} + 3.41 \cdot 10^{-4} \frac{1}{r^2} - 538 \cdot 10^{-6} \ln r \right)$$

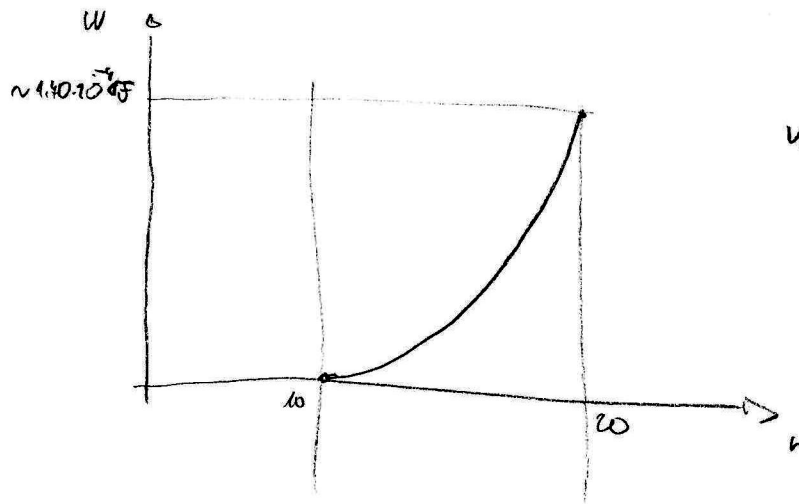
$$M_t = -B \left(\frac{J}{r} + v \frac{dJ}{dr} \right) = -1.92 \cdot 10^4 \left(C_1 + \frac{C_2}{r^2} - 4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} (\ln r - 0.5) + 0.3 \left[C_1 - \frac{C_2}{r^2} - 4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} (\ln r + 0.5) \right] \right) = -1.92 \cdot 10^4 \left(1.3 \cdot 1.28 \cdot 10^{-5} + 0.4 \cdot (-5.3 \cdot 10^{-4}) \cdot \frac{1}{r^2} - 1.3 \cdot 4.14 \cdot 10^{-6} \ln r + 2.04 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 0.7 \right) = -1.92 \cdot 10^4 \left(1.81 \cdot 10^{-5} - 3.41 \cdot 10^{-4} \frac{1}{r^2} - 538 \cdot 10^{-6} \ln r \right)$$

$$G_{t,ex} = \frac{6 M_t}{h^2} = -1.15 \cdot 10^{+5} \cdot \left(1.81 \cdot 10^{-5} - 3.41 \cdot 10^{-4} \frac{1}{r^2} - 538 \cdot 10^{-6} \ln r \right)$$

$$w = 0.5 \cdot 1.28 \cdot 10^{-5} r^2 + (-5.3 \cdot 10^{-4}) \ln r - 2.04 \cdot 10^{-6} r^2 \ln r + 2.04 \cdot 10^{-6} r^2 + 8.49 \cdot 10^{-4} = 6.40 \cdot 10^{-6} r^2 - 5.3 \cdot 10^{-4} \ln r - 2.04 \cdot 10^{-6} r^2 \ln r + 2.04 \cdot 10^{-6} r^2 + 8.49 \cdot 10^{-4}$$



$$\sigma_{\text{red}} = |\sigma_{t, \text{max}} - \sigma_{r, \text{max}}| = |\sigma_{t, \text{ex}} - \sigma_{r, \text{ex}}| \Big|_{r=10} \approx 0.44 \text{ MPa}$$



$$w_{\text{max}} = w \Big|_{r=20} \approx 1.62 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ mm}$$