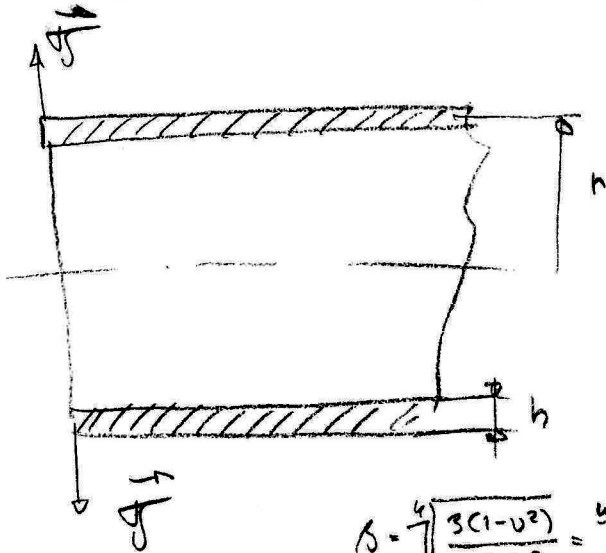


Pr: k HS pryzmowi uciele bezpechnat a max. rozeniem- ualcor- slwiepiy



mat.: $\nu = 0.3$
 $E = 2.1 \cdot 10^5 \text{ MPa}$

geom.: $r = 20 \text{ mm}$
 $h = 1 \text{ mm}$

zaliceni: $\sigma \cdot 2\pi r = 1 \Rightarrow \sigma = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 20} = 4.96 \cdot 10^{-3} \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}$

$p = p_z = 0$

$\beta = \sqrt[4]{\frac{3(1-\nu^2)}{r^2 \cdot h^2}} = \sqrt[4]{\frac{3(1-0.3^2)}{20^2 \cdot 1^2}} = 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} \frac{1}{\text{mm}}$, $B = \frac{Eh^3}{12(1-\nu^2)} = \frac{2.1 \cdot 10^5 \cdot 1^3}{12(1-0.3^2)} = 1.92 \cdot 10^4 \cdot \text{Nmm}$

1. Pochkulanu ieeem

$u_p = \frac{r^2}{E} \left[p - \frac{\nu}{r} (C_0 - \int p_z dz) \right] = -\frac{\nu}{E} \cdot C_0 = \frac{20 \cdot 0.3}{2.1 \cdot 10^5} \cdot C_0 = 2.86 \cdot 10^{-5} C_0$

2. Nafoceni, momenty...

$u = u_p + \tilde{u} = e^{-\beta z} (C_1 \sin \beta z + C_2 \cos \beta z) + 2.86 \cdot 10^{-5} C_0 = e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} (C_1 \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z + C_2 \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z) + 2.86 \cdot 10^{-5} C_0$

$M_z = +2B \cdot \beta^2 e^{-\beta z} (-C_1 \cos \beta z + C_2 \sin \beta z) - B \frac{d^2}{dz^2} u_p = -2 \cdot 1.92 \cdot 10^4 \cdot (2.84 \cdot 10^{-1})^2 e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \cdot (-C_1 \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z + C_2 \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z) - 0 = -3.16 \cdot 10^3 e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \cdot (-C_1 \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z + C_2 \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z)$

$\sigma_{rz} = -2B \beta^3 e^{-\beta z} [C_1 (\sin \beta z + \cos \beta z) + C_2 (-\sin \beta z + \cos \beta z)] - B \frac{d^3}{dz^3} u_p = -2 \cdot 1.92 \cdot 10^4 \cdot (2.84 \cdot 10^{-1})^3 e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} [C_1 (\sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z + \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z) + C_2 (-\sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z + \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z)] = -9.08 \cdot 10^2 e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} [C_1 (\sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z + \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z) + C_2 (-\sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z + \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z)]$

$M_z = C_0 - \int p_z dz = C_0$

3. Obr. podminuly

$M_z|_{z=0} = 0, \sigma_{rz}|_{z=0} = -\sigma, M_z|_{z=0} = 0$

4. Nafoceni C_0, C_1, C_2 :

$-3.16 \cdot 10^3 (-C_1 + 0) = 0 \Rightarrow C_1 = 0$

$-9.08 \cdot 10^2 (C_1 + C_2) = -4.96 \cdot 10^{-3} \Rightarrow C_2 = + \frac{4.96 \cdot 10^{-3}}{9.08 \cdot 10^2} = 5.47 \cdot 10^{-6}$

$C_0 = 0$

5. Résu-

$$u = e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \cdot (8.44 \cdot 10^{-6}) \cdot \cos(2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z) = 8.44 \cdot 10^{-6} e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z$$

$$M_z = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} W &= -\frac{v}{r} \int u dz = -\frac{v}{r} \left(-\frac{1}{2\beta} \right) e^{-\beta z} \left[(c_1 + c_2) \cos \beta z + (c_1 - c_2) \sin \beta z \right] + 2.86 \cdot 10^{-5} \cos^2 z \\ &= -\frac{0.3}{2\omega} \left\{ \left(-\frac{1}{2 \cdot 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1}} \right) e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \left[8.44 \cdot 10^{-6} \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z + 8.44 \cdot 10^{-6} \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z \right] \right\} \\ &= 2.29 \cdot 10^{-7} e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \left[+ \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z + \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_{rz} &= -2 \cdot 1.92 \cdot 10^5 \cdot (2.84 \cdot 10^{-1})^2 e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \left[+ 8.44 \cdot 10^{-6} (-\sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z + \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z) \right] = \\ &= -4.96 \cdot 10^{-3} e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} (\cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z - \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z) \end{aligned}$$

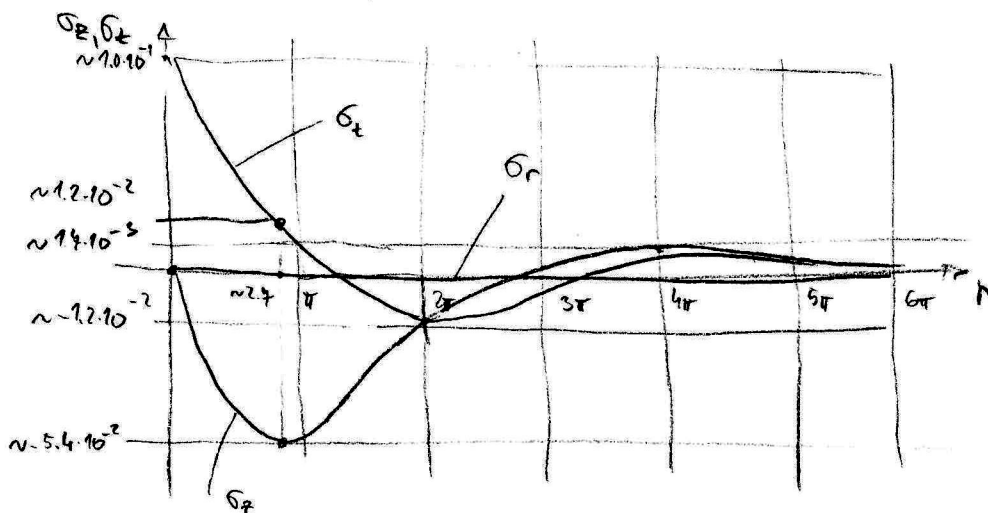
$$\begin{aligned} N_t &= r \left(p_r + \frac{dT_{rz}}{dz} \right) = 2\omega \cdot (-4.96 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot (-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1}) e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} (\cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z - \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z) \\ &\quad + 4.96 \cdot 10^{-3} e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} (-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} \cdot \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z - 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z)) = 4.57 \cdot 10^{-2} \\ &\quad \cdot e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} (2 \cdot \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z) = 9.14 \cdot 10^{-2} e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z \end{aligned}$$

$$M_z = -3.16 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \cdot 8.44 \cdot 10^{-6} \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z = -2.44 \cdot 10^{-2} e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z$$

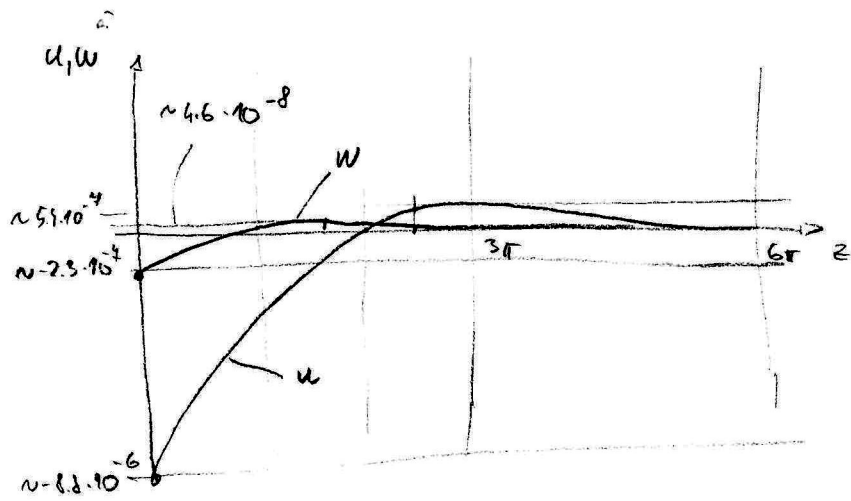
$$M_t = 0.3 \cdot M_z = -8.31 \cdot 10^{-3} e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{z,el} &= \frac{M_z}{h} \pm \frac{6M_z}{h^2} = \pm \frac{6}{72} \cdot (-2.44 \cdot 10^{-2} e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z) = \mp 1.66 \cdot 10^{-1} e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \\ &\quad \cdot \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{t,el} &= \frac{M_t}{h} \pm \frac{6M_t}{h^2} = 9.14 \cdot 10^{-2} e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z \pm 6 \cdot (-8.31 \cdot 10^{-3} e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z) \\ &= e^{-2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z} \left[9.14 \cdot 10^{-2} \cos 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z \mp 4.99 \cdot 10^{-2} \sin 2.84 \cdot 10^{-1} z \right] \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{ed} &= \max \{ |\sigma_z - \sigma_t|, |\sigma_z - \sigma_r|, |\sigma_t - \sigma_r| \} = \\ &= |\sigma_t| \Big|_{z=0} \cong 1.0 \cdot 10^{-1} \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$



$$u_{\max} \approx \sqrt{(8.8 \cdot 10^{-6})^2 + (2.3 \cdot 10^{-4})^2}$$

$$\approx 8.8 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ mm}$$