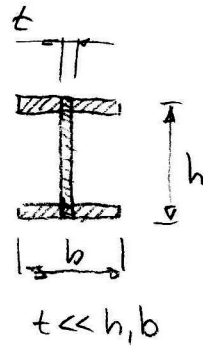
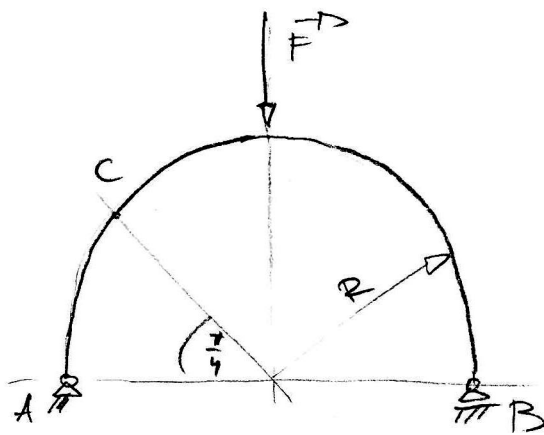
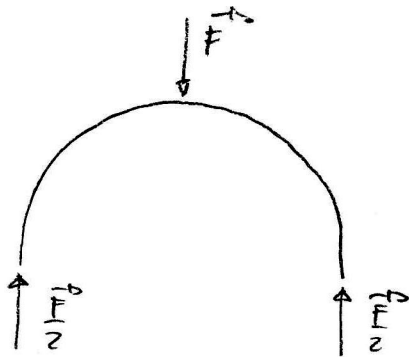


Pr: Stanovte min bezpečností vzhledem k MS pnutí v místě A a C

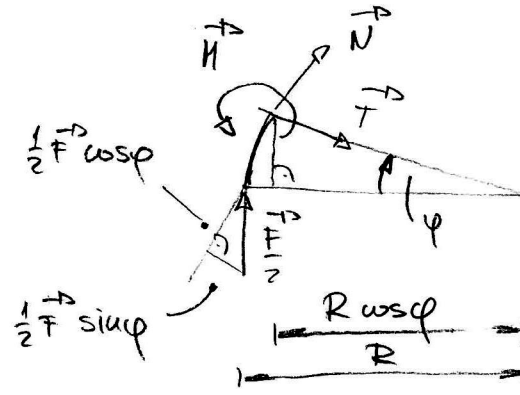


Dáno: F, R, b, h, t, σ_k

1. Úplně uvolněn



3. VUJ



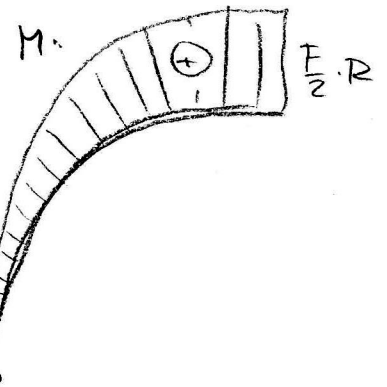
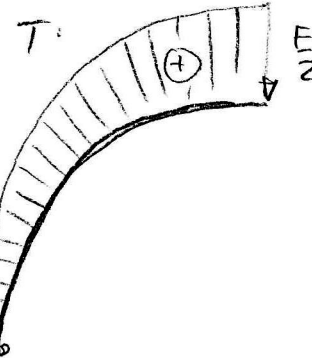
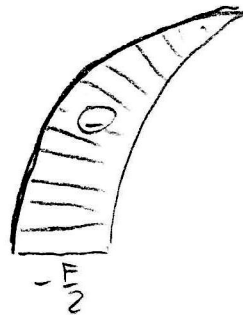
$$\psi \in (0, \frac{\pi}{2})$$

$$N = -\frac{F}{2} \cos \psi$$

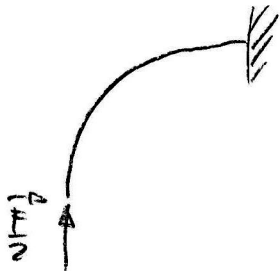
$$T = \frac{F}{2} \sin \psi$$

$$M = \frac{F}{2} \cdot R (1 - \cos \psi)$$

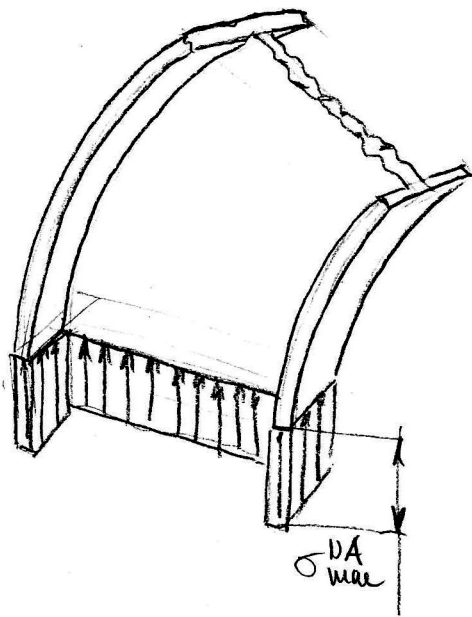
N:



2. Využití symetrie



(A)

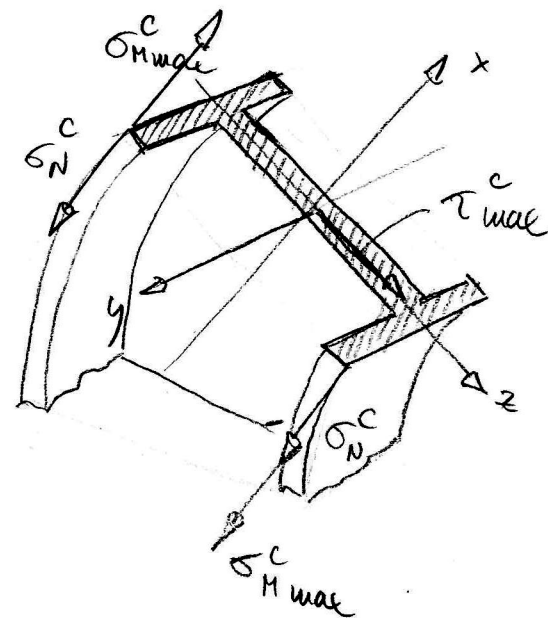
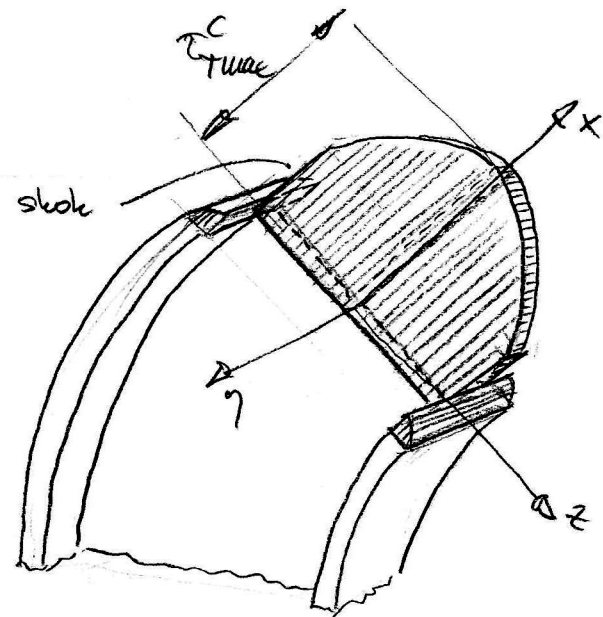
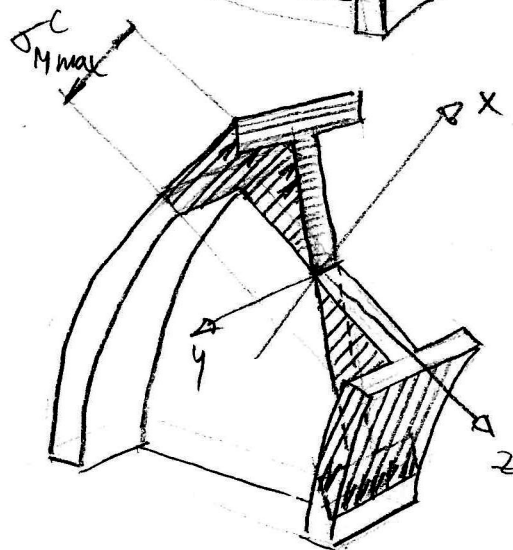
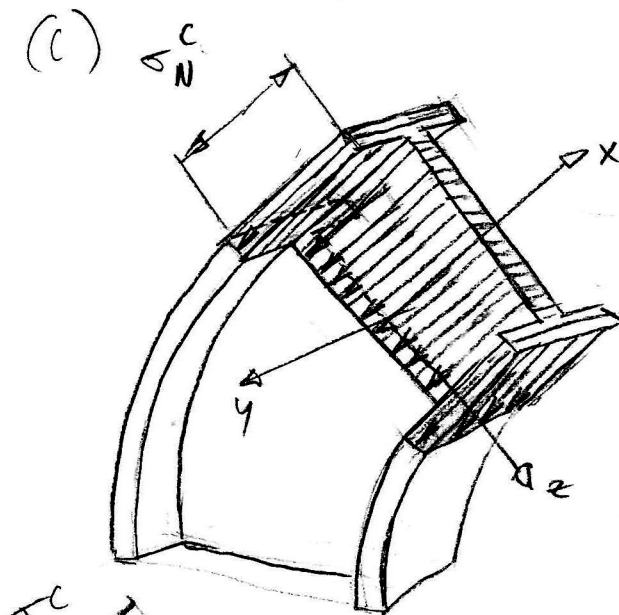


$$\sigma_{max}^{NA} = \frac{N}{S} = \frac{\frac{F}{2}}{2bt + ht} = \frac{F}{2t(2b+h)}$$

$$\sigma_{max}^C = \frac{N}{S} = \frac{\frac{F}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}{2bt + ht} = \frac{\sqrt{2}F}{4t(2b+h)}$$

$$\tau_{max}^C = \frac{T U_y^4}{t \cdot J_y} \sim \frac{\frac{F}{2} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot \left(b \cdot t \cdot \frac{h}{2} + t \cdot \frac{h}{2} \cdot \frac{h}{4} \right)}{t \cdot \left[2 \left(\frac{1}{12} b \cdot t^3 + \left(\frac{h}{2} \right)^2 b \cdot t \right) + \frac{1}{12} t \cdot h^3 \right]} = \frac{3\sqrt{2} \cdot F (4b \cdot h + th) \cdot h}{8t^2 [2bt^2 + 6h^2b + h^3]} \approx \frac{3}{2} \frac{\frac{F}{2} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}{t \cdot h} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}F}{8t \cdot h}$$

(C)



$$\sigma_{max H}^c = \frac{M}{W_o} = \frac{M}{J_y} \cdot \frac{h}{2} = \frac{F \cdot R (1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})}{2(\frac{1}{12} b \cdot t^3 + (\frac{h}{2})^2 b t) + \frac{1}{12} t \cdot h^3} \cdot \frac{h}{2} = \frac{3 F \cdot R (2 - \sqrt{2}) h}{[2 b t^2 + 6 h^2 b + h^3] \cdot t}$$

$$k^A = \frac{\sigma_k}{\sigma_{max N}^A}, \quad k^C = \min \left\{ \frac{\sigma_k}{\sigma_{max N}^C + \sigma_{max H}^C}, \frac{\sigma_k}{2 \tau_{max}^C} \right\}$$